The Harmony Trust

Year 4 PSHE Medium Term Plan

Autumn 1

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Unit of work: Rules and Responsibilities

PSHE/RHE Theme: Living in the Wider World

Assessment Outcomes:

- I know and understand the school rules
- I can use courtesy and manners
- I can vote for a school councillor
- I respect others, even when they are very from different me
- I know I deserve to be treated with respect

 1 know i deserve to be treated with respect						
Health and Well-Being						
Relationships Education	(R24) how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including online) whom they do not know. (R31) to recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships (R33) to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own					
Living in the Wider World	(L1) to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws (L4) the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others (L7) to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community (L25) to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes					

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Key Learning			
Links back to prior learning	New learning this unit (Focus) This unit should begin with a recap of links to previous learning	Links with future learning	
Each year the children re-visit the school rules and learn	In Year 4, children will learn more about the importance of rules,	In Year 5 and 6 they will continue their learning of rules	
about democracy when they vote for their pupil responsibilities across school.	responsibilities and respect.	but this will develop further into looking at rights and responsibilities.	

Vocabulary and terminology arising in this unit: (words in *italics* may have been encountered but not explicitly taught as part of a specific lesson) rules, responsible, responsibilities, qualities, role, promise, respect, feelings, emotions, difficult, negative, cope, coping strategies

Positive Safeguarding for all

Every lesson will have consistent ground rules in place which:

- includes not asking personal questions or sharing personal information
- use correct terminology this avoids derogatory use of language
- ensures confidentiality (unless safeguarding)
- ensures the right to pass (as long as actively listening)

All children should know who their trusted adult is at school and in the wider family.

A trusted adult is someone who the child feels comfortable to turn to for help.

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	LO:	Success Criteria	Suggested Teaching Activities	C.C Links
ession 1	To understand	- Understand	Harmony Pledge Reference: Pledge 1 Be Safe, Healthy and Happy, Pledge 5 Be Respectful	Speaking and
	why rules are	what our	Creative, Problem Solver, Communicator, Co-operative, Confident	listening
tules	needed in	school rules are		
	different	- Know how to	At the start of the session, share with children our ground rules for every PSHE session. Refer to	Drama
	situations.	follow these rules - Know what	the rules and have them evident in the classroom. Make sure all children understand the ground rules in place.	
		happens if I do not follow these rules	Starter: Recap learning done in previous years about rules. Where do we have rules in school? When have we written rules?	
			Main: Ask the children where they have come across rules (for example, at home, playing sports, on the road, playing games, on television in programmes like 'Who wants to be a millionaire?'). What rules do they know for these situations?	
			Why do we need rules – what do the children think would happen if we didn't have them? Emphasise that rules are there to protect our rights – for example, to keep us safe, to make things	
			fair. If we didn't have a rule about stopping at red traffic lights, it wouldn't be safe to drive.	
			Recall the school rules and discuss each rule.	
			Why do we need the rule? Is the rule fair?	
			Who makes the rule? What happens when the rule is broken?	
			Plenary: Watch the children's devised drama pieces and evaluate.	
			Task: Children devise a drama piece in groups to show the rule, why this is a good rule and how it benefits us.	
			Children to work in mixed ability groups for support.	
			T/TA to roam support and pay particular attention to key/target children.	
ession 2	To understand what being	- Understand that different people	Harmony Pledge Reference: Pledge 1 Be safe, healthy and happy, Pledge 5 Be Respectful	Speaking and listening
Responsibilities	responsible	have different	Refer to the ground rules from last week. Before thinking about responsibilities, discuss with the	J
	means.	responsibilities Understand that I	children about who their trusted adults are in school and in the wider family.	Art
		become	Starter: https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/pshe-ks1-ks2-am-i-always-responsible-for-	
			my-actions/zdsygwx Pause at each question and allow CHN to discuss using engagement structures.	
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		responsible for more as I grow up. - Understand why we have different responsibilities. - Create a poster to show what different responsibilities I have.	Main: Children discuss what responsibilities there are in class? Who is responsible for each one? What responsibilities are there in your home? Give the children a series of scenarios at home and ask them who would be responsible for each. EG: • Feeding any pets. • Ironing. • Changing a lightbulb. • Paying the bills. • Flushing the toilet. Are all responsibilities the same? How do responsibilities change as we get older? Plenary: Children to do a gallery showcase of their posters. What responsibilities did they see similar to theirs? Which were different? Why is it important that we are responsible? Task: CHN create a poster of their responsibilities and how they undertake them. HA: Include responsibilities of others they live with. LA/SEND: Working with CIP prompts such as substitution tables. T to support SEND to get started on task and then encourage to work independently. TA roam support other groups discussing ideas and images.	
Session 3 Pupil Responsibility	To vote for pupil responsibilities.	 Know what responsibility means. Know what responsibilities we have in school Understand that each responsibility needs different qualities Write qualities for a responsibility with a partner/group. Take part in a class vote. 	Harmony Pledge Reference: Pledge 7 Be Democratic Starter: What responsibilities do we have in school? Children to have solo thinking time and then Rally Robin ideas with their partner. Share ideas as a class. Main: Introduce children to the responsibility's cards for each different responsibility in school e.g. friendship monitor, library monitor etc. Have a couple of descriptions blocked out or block out a different one for each group and the children have to decide what skills are needed for the missing one either in pairs or as a group. Set children to main tasks. Plenary: Children to read out their paragraph/application for the job role. Once all have read out, then children will take part in an anonymous vote. Main Task: Children that wish to put themselves forward for a job role will write a short paragraph (CLT members are a bit longer) about why they would be perfect for the role using the attributes table.	Speaking and listening Communication Writing
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		 Write a paragraph to apply for a job role if I would like to. Read my paragraph out loud confidently to the class/ 	SEND/LA applicants— supported by teacher. Sentence openers to be provided as support if needed. Children who do not wish to put themselves forward for a job role will complete the attribute spider diagrams for each school responsibility using the ideas discussed during the main part of the session. Bubbles of each responsibility could be given on activity sheet and children create spider diagram around them. SEND/LA — supported by TA.	
Session 4	To show respect	- Discuss what	Harmony Pledge Reference: Pledge 5 Be Respectful	Speaking and
Danisat	to others.	respect means.	Chambers between // www.castabaseana / catabase Common /	listening
Respect		Understand ways to show respect.Think about how	Starter: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GOzrAK4gOSo CHN discuss the video and talk about what they already know about respect.	Communication
		others show respect. - Use drama scenarios to understand respect further. - Create a set of class respect rules.	Main: How are we respectful at school? Discuss democracy and how this encourages respect. What do we respect and why? Discuss how each of the GHLLWK rules includes respect in some form. What is disrespect? How might someone be disrespectful? What can disrespect lead to? Plenary: As a class devise a list of respectful rules – How can we ensure we are respectful in our classroom, in school and the wider community? This could then be typed up and displayed in the classroom to refer back to. Task: Children to take part in a circle time for their main task this session - children work through Respect Scenario cards (see appendix 1) as group in the same way as a Story Whoosh would be done.	Drama
Session 5	To know that I should treat	 Create class ground rules for respect. 	Harmony Pledge Reference: Pledge 1 Be Safe, Healthy and Happy, Pledge 5 Be Respectful	
Respect of	others with	- Watch video and	Starter: What is respect? Develop a class definition.	
others	respect and	discuss themes	Develop ground rules for respect as a class e.g.	
	expect it in	- Read group	Everyone has a chance to talk and not be interrupted.	
	return.	scenario cards - Discuss scenarios	 Everybody's opinions are valuable. It's OK for my opinions to be challenged. 	
		and how you would	o It's OK for me to challenge other people's opinions.	
		act	 It's not OK for my opinion, or anyone else's to be dismissed. 	
			Main: a spider diagram of what is respect/ round robin with chn.	

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		 Respect other people's opinions in the group. Share ideas as a class. 	Give out the different respect scenario cards – one to each group – children to discuss the scenario – Is the person being respectful or disrespectful? How would you act in this scenario? Scenarios could include: Respect and gender, respect and job role, respect and authority, respect and friendship.	
		ciass.	Plenary : Discuss each scenario and share ideas from each group. Gather other opinions from the group.	
			Main Task: Children will work in mixed ability groups to take part in the activity outlined in the main part above. Sentence openers provided on IWB for children to use to communicate their ideas.	
Session 6	To understand the importance	I will Discuss what I think	Starter: CHN have two post its. Write an example of good manners on one and bad manners on another to stick on a flip chart sheet. Show EG on the whiteboard. EG Bad manners= not covering	
Manners	of manners	are good and bad manners.	your mouth when you cough. Good manners= Holding the door open for others.	
		- Understand what bad manners are and why they are	Main: What are manners? CHN timed pair share and feedback. Is saying please and thank you when making a request of someone good manners? Are there different kinds of manners? Table manners etc.	
		bad. - Understand that	Have manners changed throughout history? Are the expectations now different to those of 10, 20 or 50 years ago?	
		not all manners are universal.	Are manners the same around the world? For example, how we greet others in the UK is very different to that of people in China.	
		- Explore the manners of the world, finding out	Do manners vary between cultures, religions or countries? CHN share what manners look like in their own homes.	
		how etiquette can change between country and/or	Task: CHN work in groups to share manners and customs from their culture and teaching each other when and where to use them. Rally Coach format	
		culture.	Activity ideas:	
		- Demonstrate an understanding of	Charades- CHN take a prompt from T containing an example of good or bad manners. Act it out in front of of class for them to decide if it is good or bad manners. EXT guess what culture the act	
		manners from	comes from.	
		around the world	5 second skit- CHN devise a short skit in groups showing an example of good and bad manners.	
		and show this to my peers.	CHN watching say if good or bad manners were displayed. If bad, indicate what should have been done to display good manners.	
			warra sa arakini laaa mariinaar	

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Provide a safe learning space, with consistent ground rules

Must include not asking personal questions or sharing personal information

Use correct terminology – this avoids derogatory use of language

Establish ground rules that are consistent across year groups

Confidentiality (unless safeguarding)

Right to pass (as long as actively listening)

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TOLERANT



Appendix 1 – Drama Scenario Cards





Respect Scenario Co

James and Alice asked to join the football team. Hamza ignores them and carries an playing. Mariam stops playing and invites James and O Alice to play.



Who is showing respect or disrespect? How?

Jenny and her brother Liam were playing with their friends and left the room messy. Mum asked them to tidy it up but they went out to play instead.





Who is showing respect or disrespect? How? Ali's teacher natices he is struggling with his work. She asks him to stay in class afterwards to affer some help. Ali admits that he needs help and takes up his teachers affer for more support in class.





Who is showing respect or disrespect?

How?

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Mrs Black is out walking with her baby in the pram. Rebecca and her friends walk by. They are all chatting loudly and don't even notice

Mrs Black.



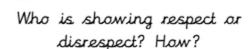
Who is showing respect or disrespect? How?

Sean and Peter walked down the school corridor quietly. They allow Mr Stevens to pass, make eye contact and greet him. Mr Stevens greets the boys with a smile and responds.



Who is showing respect or disrespect? How?

Safiya has new shoes. She decides to wear them to school. Jenny tells Safiya that he likes her new shoes. Karim comments that he does not like them



Tamim and Umar are lining up nicely waiting far the dinner ladies. They use their manners when asking for their lunches. Hussain is being laud and keeps moving in and out of line. He tells the dinner ladies what he wants, not making eye cantact or using his manners.



Who is showing respect or disrespect? How?

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Mr Brown is using the printer. Mrs. Khatun is waiting patiently behind him to use it. Mr Rahman cuts the line and uses the printer when Mr Brown is done.



Who is showing respect or disrespect? How?

Oak class are waiting patiently in a line for their parents to pick them up. Birch class are not in their line, not listening to their teacher and talking to one another.



disrespect? How?

Who is showing respect as

Jack and Rahim notice an elderly lady board the bus. Rahim looks back down at his phone and listens to his music. Jack gets up and offers the lady his seat.



Who is showing respect or disrespect? How?

Red group are taking turns in their Round Robin to share their ideas. Yellow group are talking over one another and no work is getting done.



Who is showing respect or disrespect? How?

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